

Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology Jefferson Dermatology Associates

Dear Patient,

We are soliciting your participation in studies on Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris (PRP). Enclosed you will find the latest version of the Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris (PRP) study packet. Please take your time to complete all questions and fill out all pages of the consent form (note: two signature pages). Answers will be analyzed as combined, anonymous data (along with those from other study patients). Your name will not be associated with any published information.

Of note, there are two Goals to this study: Goal 1 is genetic analysis to identify genes and pathways involved in PRP; Goal 2 is clinical data analysis to improve diagnosis and management of the disease. We prefer your participation in BOTH Goals; however, you may enroll in any.

Two forms must be completed for enrollment.

The first form is a consent document requesting your permission to participate in the study. The second signature page is a release of medical records document to permit a member of our research team to acquire clinical records from your physician(s). These documents will be kept confidential.

The second form is survey regarding PRP symptoms and treatments. Our research team will study these in order to describe the variety of PRP presentations, associated symptoms and treatments tried. Your protected health information will be kept confidential.

Please return ALL PAGES of EACH FORM to:

Email (PREFERRED), email subject line: "New PRP Enrollment" <u>PRP@jefferson.edu</u>

Regular Mail PRP Study, Attn: Nick Ross, MD Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology, Thomas Jefferson University Hospital, Attn: Nick Ross, 833 Chestnut Street, Suite 740, Philadelphia, PA 19107, USA

HIPAA-compliant Fax Machine: (215) 503-3333

Do not hesitate to contact a member of the research team with any questions. Your participation is most helpful. We thank you for your time and commitment to the advancement of science and PRP diagnosis and treatment.

Sincerely,

Jouni Uitto, MD, PhD Professor and Chair Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology Thomas Jefferson University Philadelphia, PA 19107 Nicholas Ross, MD Co-Investigator and Resident Physician Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology Thomas Jefferson University Philadelphia, PA 19107 Homas Jefferson University Philadelphia, PA 19107 Expiration Date 10,5,17

Annual review due 6 weeks before expiration.

833 Chestnut Street, Suite 740, Philadelphia, PA 19107



Department of Dermatology & Cutaneous Biology Thomas Jefferson University Hospital



PITYRIASIS RUBRA PILARIS (PRP) PATIENT HISTORY

Your answers to this IRB Approved Survey will be kept strictly confidential. Data will be anonymously pooled and your name will not be associated with published findings, as outlined in the consent form.

Your DOCTOR(S)' Name (who diagnosed your PRP):
DOCTOR'S Telephone Number (who diagnosed your PRP):
PATIENT Name: DATE OF BIRTH:/ _/ (mm/dd/yyyy)
PATIENT Mailing Address:
PATIENT Telephone:
PATIENT EMAIL:@
GENDER: Male Female
RACE/ETHNICITY:
Current HEIGHT:(cm) or (in) Current WEIGHT:(kg) or (lbs)
Age AT ONSET of Symptoms: (years) Age AT DIAGNOSIS of PRP:(years)
What, if any, do you/your doctor believe "TRIGGERED" your PRP?
Was PRP CORRECTLY DIAGNOSED at the beginning?
 It is No; <u>If NO</u>, how long did it take to identify the correct diagnosis?(months)(years) <u>If NO</u>, what was the INITIAL DIAGNOSIS?

CONTINUED→

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SKIN FINDINGS (please *check all* that apply):

□ Red-Orange Plaques

Where did these start:

At its worst, location(s) with red-orange plaques:

□ Intervening/Normal skin "islands" in between areas of red rash

 \Box Flaking of skin (fine scales)

□ Waxy, red-orange thickening of palms and soles

□ Redness/flaking around hair follicles/openings (scalp or body hair)

□ Hair loss/thinning

□ Nail Changes: □ thickened; □ yellow; □ deformed; □ buildup under nails; other: _____

□ ONLY Elbows/Knees with thick, yellow-red-orange plaques/flaking of skin

Lower legs (around shins) with larger, rectangular/rhomboidal scales of dry skin/cracking

SKIN BIOPSY (a sample of your skin taken/removed by a healthcare provider to examine further):

 \Box NOT DONE

 \Box DONE

<u>If YES</u>, BIOPSY DATE(S): ___/___; __/___; __/____; __/____;

If YES, was Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris (PRP) CONFIRMED BY SKIN BIOPSY?

 \Box Yes

🗆 No

PLEASE SUBMIT A COPY OF THE(SE) SKIN BIOPSY REPORT

Do you STILL HAVE SKIN FINDINGS/SYMPTOMS?

□ Yes; <u>If YES</u> :	TOTAL TIME, since onset, with skin FINDINGS/SYMPTOMS?	(years)
\Box No; <u>If NO</u> :	TOTAL TIME with skin FINDINGS/SYMPTOMS?	(years)

What TYPE OF PRP Did Your Doctor Diagnose?

🗆 Don't Know

- □ Classic Adult, Type I: Red-orange plaques with islands of normal skin, rough bumps around hair follicles and waxy, red-orange thickened skin on palms and soles.
- □ Atypical Adult, Type II: Areas of eczema-like skin irritation, irregular, thick brown scales on lower legs, thickened skin on palms and soles, hair thinning.
- □ Circumscribed Juvenile, Type III: Pre-pubertal onset involving only elbows and knees with skin thickening, scaling and redness.
- □ Classic Juvenile, Type IV: Onset within first 2 years of life, same appearance as Type I (red-orange plaques with islands of normal skin, rough bumps around hair follicles and waxy, red-orange thickened skin on palms and soles).
- □ Atypical Juvenile, Type VI: onset within the first few years of life, red bumps around hair follicles, tightened skin of the hands and feet, genetic link (often others in the family with PRP).

Is there a FAMILY HISTORY of PRP or Psoriasis?

□ Yes; <u>If YES</u>, WHO has it?______ AND is it PRP or PSORIASIS?______ □ No

TREATMENTS TRIED for PRP

CONTINUED→

TOPICAL TREATMENT (please check all treatments tried) Was it help Image: Moisturizers: type:; start _/ _/ stop _/ _/	ful?
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Topical Steroids : name/strength:; start / /stop _/ /□ Yes □ No	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Urea Cream: name/strength:; start _/_/ stop _/_/ □ Yes □ No	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Salicylic Acid: name/strength:; start _/_/ stop _/_/ □ Yes □ No	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Retinoids (Topical): name/strength:; start _/_/ stop _/_/ □ Yes □ No	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Calcipotriene/Calcipotriol: start _/_/ stop _/_/stop _/_/	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Pimecrolimus/Tacrolimus: start _/ _/ stop _/ _/	
□ Other:name/strength:	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Other :name/strength:	🗆 No
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
SYSTEMIC TREATMENT (please check all treatment tried) Was it hele Retinoid (oral):name/dose/schedule: start //	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Methotrexate: name/dose/schedule:; start / / _stop / /	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ TNF-α Inhib: name/dose/schedulestart //stop // / □ Yes	□ No
TNF-α Inhib Examples: adalimumab (Humira), etanercept (Enbrel), infliximab (Remicade), golimumab	
(Simponi), certolizumab pegol (Cimzia)	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ IL12/23 Inhib: name/dose/schedulestart _/stop/	□ No
IL12/23 Inhib Example: ustekinumab (Stelara)	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many monhs?	
□ Light Therapy: type/strength/schedulestart _/stop _/∥□ Yes	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	
□ Other:name/strengthstart _/ _/stop _/ _/ Yes	
If yes, what symptoms improved/over how many months?	

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CONTINUED→

MEDICAL HISTORY: (please *check all* that apply)

- \Box Skin Disease: If so, what disease(s): ____
- □ Myasthenia Gravis

□ Celiac Sprue ("celiac disease")

□ Myositis ("inflammation" of muscles)

□ HYPOthyroidism ("low" thyroid function)

Cancer/Malignancy; Type: _____ YEAR DIAGNOSED: _____

- □ HIV Infection
- □ Diabetes
- □ Dyslipidemia (e.g. "high cholesterol," "high triglycerides," etc.)
- □ Heart Disease

OTHER SYMPTOMS related to PRP:

Regarding your MOOD, how often do you FEEL <u>DOWN</u> or <u>DEPRESSED</u>?

🗆 Don't Know

 \Box ALWAYS \Box OFTEN \Box SOMETIMES \Box RARELY \Box NEVER

In your opinion what percent of your DEPRESSION IS RELATED to PRP?

🗆 Don't Know

□ 0% (Not at all related) □ 1-25% □ 26-50% □ 51-75% □ 76-100% (Extremely related)

List <u>WHAT</u> ABOUT YOUR PRP makes you feel DEPRESSED/IS HARD TO DEAL with:

 \Box Don't Know

-example: people stare at me in public

-example: I am not allowed in the public pool because of my rash

END OF PATIENT SURVEY

PLEASE RETURN all pages of this form and the research consent form via:

1. Email (preferred): PRP@jefferson.edu

OR

2. Mail

3. Fax:

Department of Dermatology & Cutaneous Biology, Attn: Nick Ross, MD, 833 Chestnut St., Ste. 740, Philadelphia PA 19107. (If you require a stamped envelope, please contact (215) 503-3787).

OR

(215) 503-3333, attention PRP Study, Nick Ross, MD

Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Your information is very helpful and will be used to advance dermatology's understanding of Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris (PRP).

Version Date: 09/15/2016 Version Number: 3.0 Page 1 of 9

1	Thomas Jefferson University
2	Informed Consent Document for Human Subjects Research – OHR-8
3	
4	Department: Dermatology & Cutaneous Biology
5	
6	Principal Investigator: Jouni Uitto, MD, PhD Telephone: 215-503-5785
7	Co-Investigator(s): Nicholas A Ross, MD; Qiaoli Li, Ph.D., Matthew Keller, MD
8	Key Personnel: Ashley Gochocco; Joshua Kingman, MS
9	
10	Medical Study Title: Investigation of Potential Genetic Causes of Pityriasis Rubra Pilaris (PRP)
11	by Mutational Analysis of Patient Tissues
12 13	Lay Study Title: A research study to enroll patients in a PRP registry, collect information about
13	the presentation, diagnosis and management of the disease and identify genetic causes and
15	pathways triggered by the disease
16	pullivays infected by the discuse
17	
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19 20	****
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22	Is email a good method for study communication?
23	\Box YES \Box NO
24	EMAIL:@
25	
26	Please check BOXES (page 8) of the study sections in which you wish to participate
27	
28	*************
29	RISKS: E-mail correspondence is not always secure and there is a risk of loss of confidentiality.
30	To help protect against loss of confidentiality, all e-mail that originates from Jefferson University
31	or Jefferson Hospital employees using Jefferson University or Jefferson Hospital e-mail
32	addresses is encrypted. That means, unless you have allowed others to have access to your e-
33	mail, only you will see the e-mail. YOU SHOULD NEVER USE E-MAIL TO REPORT A
34	SUSPECTED ADVERSE EVENT OR ANY OTHER MEDICAL PROBLEM. THESE
35 36	SHOULD BE REPORTED BY TELEPHONE
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Annual review due 6 weeks	before expiration.

37 What Is Informed Consent?

38 You are being asked to take part in a medical research study. As required by federal regulations, 39 this research study has been reviewed and approved by an Institutional Review Board (IRB), a 40 University committee that reviews, approves and monitors research involving humans. Before a 41 knowledgeable decision about whether to participate in a research study can be made, the 42 possible risks and benefits related to the study should be understood. This process of learning and 43 thinking about a study before deciding to participate is known as *informed consent* and includes: 44 • Receiving detailed information about this research study; 45

- Being asked to read, sign and date this consent form once the nature of the study is
 understood and a decision is made to participate. If there is anything about the study you
 don't understand or if there are questions, you should ask for explanations before signing
 this form;
- Being given a copy of the signed and dated consent form to keep.
- 50

51 **Can I enroll in the study?**

52 Any patient with a diagnosis of PRP, WHETHER ACTIVE OR IN REMISSION, is permitted to 53 enroll in this study. The study is divided into "goals" (see below) to improve data analysis and 54 outcomes. You are allowed to enroll into both CURRENT and PAST goals at any time.

56 What is the purpose of this study and what will happen during this study?

57 This study has two Goal: Goal I includes genetic data analysis. Goal II includes clinical data 58 analysis.

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60 During Goal I, our research team seeks to identify genetic link and pathways involved in PRP. 61 Analysis will involve patient saliva (spit)/buccal smear (cheek swab), blood and skin samples.

62 This portion of the study is always open for sample enrollment.

63 Three steps of Goal I:64 1. You will received

- 1. You will receive information and this consent form allowing study personnel to request a biological specimen from you (either blood, saliva, cheek swab or skin biopsy).
- 2. If interested in participating, you will complete the consent form, which you may review at your own pace, returning all completed forms and biologic specimens to our Clinical Research Office.
- Our study team will use specimens provided to perform genetic mutational analysis and compare your specimen with all other specimens collected. When we have achieved a sufficient number of specimens and analysis is complete, the data will be published and you will be informed of our findings.
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During Goal II, there are no tests. Our aim is to gather clinical information from patients 74 regarding their experience, symptoms, and treatment of PRP. We request your permission to 75 allow study team members (listed above) to contact your diagnosing/treating physician(s) to 76 acquire medical records (clinical and/or pathologic) and/or skin biopsy slides. Specifically, we 77 seek your permission to contact your physician in order to confirm your diagnosis of PRP. We 78 79 also request permission for study personnel to contact you, solely for the purpose of obtaining these documents and information related to the PRP study. Through this research, we hope to 80 establish a possible genetic link of the disease that can enable further research that may improve 81 82 diagnosis and treatment options.

- 83 The three steps of Phase II are:
 - 1. You will receive information regarding the study (Patient Study Packet), which you may review at your own pace.
 - 2. If interested in participating, you will complete the (i) Consent Form, (ii) Release of Medical Records form and (iii) Patient Questionnaire and return all documents (all pages included) to our Clinical Research Office.
- Our study team will use information provided in the study packet to contact your physician(s) and gather your clinical and/or biopsy records in order to review and confirm your diagnosis of PRP.
 We seek medical records containing clinical (doctor's notes) and/or pathologic (biopsy) reports and/or biopsy slides that will allow us to definitively establish your diagnosis of PRP through predefined study criteria. The goal is to collect this information and allow the physicians associated with this study at Thomas Jefferson University's Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology to review the diagnosis for study purposes.
- 97 Once you provide your medical records and/or samples, the following will occur:
- Documents will be reviewed for pertinent information that may identify triggers 98 (medications, illnesses, other conditions at the time of PRP onset), information useful for 99 diagnosis and treatment of the disease as well as long term outcomes. Samples will be 100 kept in a locked -80C freezer at Dr. Uitto's research laboratory. Tissue samples will be 101 used to study the genetics and pathways involved in the disease. DNA will be extracted 102 from the sample you provide; we will analyze it to identify mutations, specifically in the 103 CARD14 gene that is associated with the disease. Skin biops(ies) will be examined for 104 target gene (CARD14) involvement, immuno-histochemical staining and upregulation of 105 inflammatory pathways. This may allow for a better understanding of the pathways 106 107 involved in the disease and better, targeted treatment options.
- 108

109 How many individuals will participate in the study and how long will the study last?

110 The goal is to enroll as many participants as possible in the PRP registry to expand the quality 111 and quantity of research and improve patient access to PRP research. To date, more than one 112 hundred PRP patients, just like you, are participating in this research study.

113

You can enroll if you have ACTIVE OR RESOLVED PRP. Your participation in any Goal of the study will last only as long as it takes you to complete the documents followed by the time it takes our study team to obtain clinical records from your diagnosing/treating physician(s) (approximately six months to one year). Once information has been gathered, you will have "completed" your enrollment in the study; we will maintain your information, however, to 119 continue to reach out to you about progress and subsequent Goals of the study. Your

- 120 participation, of course, is voluntary and can be terminated at any time at your request or at the
- 121 discretion of the principal investigator.
- 122
- 123 What are the side effects and other risks or discomforts involved?

124 Saliva (spit)/Buccal Swab (Cheek Swab) Sample

- Providing a saliva (spit)/buccal smear (cheek swab) sample involves spitting into a sterile specimen container or using a specimen cotton tip collector and stroking the inside of the cheek
- 127 to collect skin cells.
- 128 What are the Risks of Saliva (spit)/Buccal Swab (Cheek Swab) Sample?
- 129 There are no risks associated with this specimen collection.
- 130

131 What Are the Risks of Drawing Blood?

- 132 If you choose a blood draw method: The amount of blood drawn will be about 10 milliliters (2
- 133 **teaspoons)**; only one sample is required at this time. The risks of blood sampling are the same as
- any routine blood draw including discomfort as the needle is inserted, bleeding, bruising and
- discoloration around the site of the blood draw, infection and, rarely, fainting. Risks will be
- 136 minimized by having the blood drawn by an individual who is trained to perform this procedure.
- 137

138 What Are the Risks of Skin Biopsy?

- 139 If you choose a biopsy (skin sample) method: You may have a skin biopsy performed on both 140 affected (eg. rash) and non-affected (eg. normal) skin. The risks of skin biopsy are discomfort 141 during anesthetic administration, bleeding, bruising at the site, infection at the site, scar and, 142 rarely, fainting. Risks will be minimized by having the biopsy performed by a trained 143 professional.
- 144

145 What is the risk of releasing my medical record?

- 146 By releasing your medical records, there is always a risk of a breach in confidentiality. By
- 147 following preventative privacy measures outlined in the study protocol, we hope to minimize this
- 148 risk. All information we obtain will be kept confidential and protected in a secure, on-campus
- 149 office within a locked file cabinet. Your name will not be linked to any published data.
- 150

151 Are there benefits from being in this study?

- 152 There may be no personal benefit from being in this research, but we hope that what we learn 153 may be helpful to future patients or society, in general.
- 154

155 Are there alternatives to being in the study?

- Participation in this study is entirely voluntary. The alternative is not enrolling in the study. You do not have to complete the study survey nor do you have to provide permission for our study team to contact your treating/diagnosing physician. If, however, you are interested in participating, please complete all study forms.
- 160

161 How will privacy and confidentiality (identity) be protected?

Federal regulations require that certain information about individuals be kept confidential. This information is called "protected health information" (PHI). PHI includes information that 164 identifies an individual personally such as name, address and social security number, or any 165 medical or mental health record, or test result, that may have this sort of information on it. The 166 laws state that people may see and review their medical records at any time. However, in a 167 research study, people may not see the study results or other data about the study until after the 168 research is completed unless the study doctor decides otherwise.

169

The following individuals or entities may have access to your/your child's (if enrolled) PHI and by law must protect it. These include investigators listed on this consent form and other personnel of Thomas Jefferson University, Jefferson University Physicians, and Thomas Jefferson University Hospitals, Inc. (add the Rothman Institute if applicable) involved in this specific study, the University's Office of Human Research and the Institutional Review Board (IRB), and your/your child's (if enrolled) health insurance company (if necessary for billing for standard medical care).

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- PHI collected during this study may also be shared with the following entities that, while notobligated by law to protect PHI, will protect it to the best of their ability:
 - The National Institute of Health (NIH) if supplying grants in the future
 - With any person or agency required by law
- 182 If you develop an illness or injury during the course of participation in this study, other PHI 183 about treating and following the condition may be generated and disclosed as it relates to this 184 study.
- 185
- 186 PHI collected as part of this research may be used/disclosed indefinitely.
- 187

You may quit the study and revoke permission to use and share PHI at any time by contacting the principal investigator, in writing, at: Jouni Uitto, MD, PhD, Professor and Chair, Department of Dermatology & Cutaneous Biology, Thomas Jefferson University, 233 South 10th Street Bluemle Life Sciences Building, Room 450, Philadelphia, PA 19107. Further collection of PHI will be stopped on those who quit the study, but PHI that has already been collected may still be used.

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194 The results of clinical tests and procedures performed as part of this research may be included in 195 your medical records. The information from this study may be published in scientific journals or 196 presented at scientific meetings but no one will be personally identified in these publications and 197 presentations.

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A description of this clinical trial will be available on http://www.ClinicalTrials.gov, as required by U.S. Law. This Web site will not include information that can identify you. At most, the Web site will include a summary of the results. You can search this Web site at any time.

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203 What happens in case of injury as a result of being in this study?

In the event of a research-related injury, necessary and available medical care (including hospitalization) will be provided. A research-related injury is a physical injury or illness that is directly caused by any procedure or treatment used in this study that is different from the treatment you would receive if not participating in a research study. If physical injury occurs due to any drug/substance or procedure properly given under the plan for this study, medical

- expenses for treating the injury will be billed to your insurance carrier. You should be aware that some costs may not be covered by insurance and may become your responsibility.
- 211

If a bill related to a research-related injury is received that seems wrong, please discuss it with the study doctor or research coordinator.

214

215 Is there payment for being in this study?

- 216 There is no payment for participating in this study.
- 217

218 Are there costs related to being in this study?

- The only cost to you with participating in this study is for postage to mail the forms. If you are unable to afford this cost, please contact our study team (information below) to request assistance. the clinical research fellow (information in the patient study packet) who can assist you in finding alternative means of supplying the study team with your documents.
- 223 What if the research results in new findings?
- Anything learned during the study, beneficial or not, that may affect your health or willingness to continue in the study, will be explained.
- 226

227 Can I be removed from the study or quit the study?

- Your decision to participate in this research study is entirely voluntary. You have been told what
 being in this study will involve, including the possible risks and benefits.
- Your participation in this research project may be terminated by the study doctor without yourconsent for any reason that he/she feels is appropriate.
- 233

You may refuse to participate in this investigation or withdraw consent and quit this study
without penalty and without affecting the ability to receive medical care at Thomas Jefferson
University/the Rothman Institute.

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- If you withdraw from this study, you may continue treatment with your Jefferson doctor, or you may seek treatment from another doctor of your choice. Should you decide to withdraw from the study, please be sure to inform the study doctor.
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244 THIS SPACE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

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253 PRP Study Group Contact Information

Email (preferred)	PRP@jefferson.edu	Note: this mailbox is checked periodically.
Mail	833 Chestnut Street, Suite 740, Philadelphia PA 19107, USA	Mark attention: PRP Study Nicholas Ross, MD
Fax	215-503-3333	Mark attention: PRP Study Nicholas Ross, MD

CONTACT INFORMATION

If you are having a medical emergency, call 911 or go directly to an emergency room. You

should let emergency personnel or providers know that you are participating in this study.

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258 Other Useful Contact Information

other oberar contact.		
Telephone number for	The Jefferson Institutional	215-503-8966
questions about your rights as	Review Board	
a research participant		
For questions, concerns or	The Principal Investigator,	215-503-5785
complaints about the research,	Dr. Jouni Uitto, MD, PhD	
or if you suspect a research-	or any co-investigator listed at	
related injury	the beginning of this form	
If you have difficulty	Call the Jefferson Office of	215-503-0203
contacting the study staff	Human Research	

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260 If you want more information about the Jefferson Institutional Review Board or Jefferson's

261 Human Research Protection Program, please visit our website at

262 <u>http://www.jefferson.edu/human_research/irb/index.cfm</u>.

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10/5/17

270 Non-Waiver of Legal Rights Statement

• In • Yo	aiving any of your legal rights. order to be in this research study, y ou affirm that you have read all pa ill receive a copy.	you must sign this consent form. ages of this consent form. You have be	en told that
Dlaga	ENROLL ME IN the following (about all parts you wigh to join)	
Please	; ENROLL ME IN the following (check all parts you wish to join).	
1. Cli	nical Survey / PRP Registry		
□Yes	\Box No		
2.0	- An alexis (alexale all mothed a		
	netic Analysis (<i>check all methods y</i> □Noa. Saliva (spit)/buccal sn		
	□Nob. Blood Sample	ical (check swab) Sample	
	□Noc. Skin Biopsy		
	<u> </u>		
	Your Name	Your Signature	Date
	Name of Person Conducting	Signature of Person Conducting	Date
	Consent Interview	Consent Interview	Date
	Consent Interview		
	Name of Investigator	Signature of Investigator	Date
	or Co-Investigator	or Co-Investigator	
	Copy of Signed and Dated C	Consent Form Given to the Subject/Par	rent/LAR
		J J J J	
	Your Name (if Minor)	Your Signature (if Minor)	Date
	(If subject is a minor and this doc	ument is being used both as consent and	l assent form
	Name of Witness	Signature of Witness	Date

	cal record(s), bi e purposes of s			rson University PRP Research
			***Instructions**	<*
	saw multiple pl		n information (e.g. der rmatologists for the dia	matologist). gnosis please attach additional p
1.	PHYSICIAN	Name:		
		City		
[here	by authorize the		al Code	
resean of scie		ne physician	n(s) listed above to rele at Thomas Jefferson	th YOUR Telephone Number
resean of scie	rch personnel l entific study.	ne physician	n(s) listed above to rele at Thomas Jefferson	ease my medical records to the University Hospital for the pur
reseat of scie Print	rch personnel li entific study. YOUR Name	ne physician	n(s) listed above to rele at Thomas Jefferson	ease my medical records to the University Hospital for the pur
resean of scie	rch personnel li entific study. YOUR Name	ne physician	n(s) listed above to release the release to the rel	ease my medical records to the University Hospital for the pur

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